



Technologies/Applications

IOS Catalog

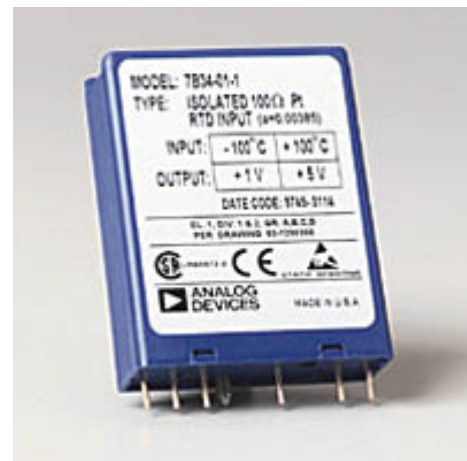
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7B34 Isolated, Linearized RTD Input

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Functional Description

The 7B34 is a single-channel signal conditioning module that interfaces, amplifies and filters input voltages from a wide variety of two- and three-wire platinum, copper and nickel Resistor Temperature Detectors (RTDs) and provides a protected precision output of either +1 V to +5 V or 0 V to +10 V, linear with RTD temperature. Three-wire lead resistance compensation is provided and 2- or 3- wire RTDs may be used. RTD excitation current, and a predictable upscale open circuit indication provide a complete signal conditioning solution. Model 7B34 features a nonlinearity of $\pm 0.05\%$ maximum (Pt RTDs). To accurately measure low level signals in electrically noisy environments, 1500 V rms of galvanic transformer-based isolation with a common mode rejection (CMR) of 160 dB @ 50/60 Hz and a normal mode rejection (NMR) of 60 dB @ 50/60 Hz are provided. Rated to operate with a nominal +24 V DC supply, Model 7B34 is mix-and-match and hot-swappable with other 7B Series input modules, so it can be inserted or removed from any socket in the same [backplane](#) without disturbing system power.



Inside the 7B34 Series Module

The three input pins of Model 7B34 are fully protected up to 120 V rms line voltage. A 250 μ A excitation current is provided to create an input voltage to the 7B34. This current also provides the upscale open circuit indication. A one-pole 3 Hz filter preconditions the RTD signal prior to amplification, provided by a low drift input amplifier. Amplitude modulation is used to implement transformer isolation (1500 V rms input-to-output and power). Isolated front-end circuitry power is supplied by a DC/DC converter. The output section contains a two-pole low pass filter (-3 dB @ 3Hz), a buffer amplifier and a power oscillator. The two-pole output filter and subsequent buffer ensures that a low noise, low impedance ($<1 \Omega$) signal is available at the output to drive loads to 2 k Ω minimum.

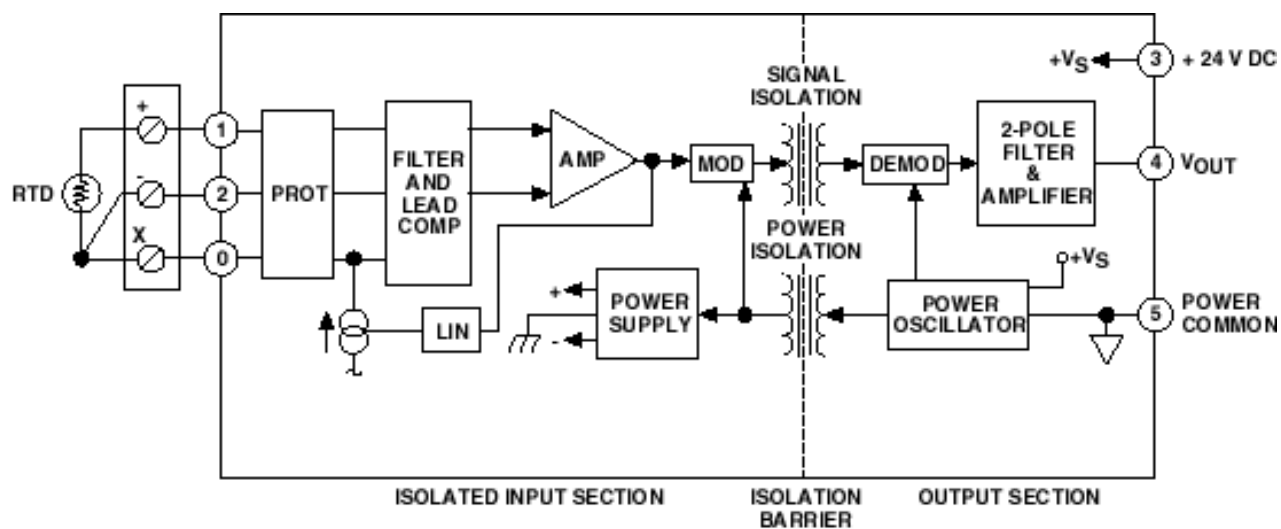


Figure 1. 7B34 Functional Block Diagram

120 Ω
Nickel, 2-, 3-
wire, α =
0.00672

Input Types

- 100 Ω Platinum RTDs
- 120 Ω Nickel RTDs
- 50 Ω Copper RTDs

Output Options

- +1 V to +5 V
- 0 V to +10 V

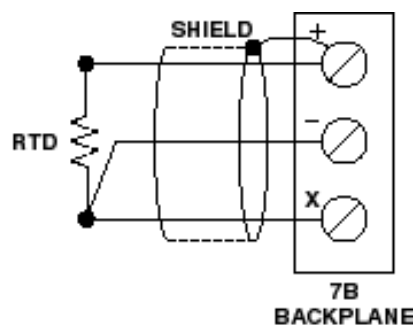


Figure 2. 7B34 Input Field Connections

7B34 Models Available

Model	RTD Sensor (2- or 3-wire)	Input Range	Output Range	Nonlinearity (maximum)	Accuracy (maximum)
7B34-01-1	100 Ω Pt, α = 0.00385	-100°C to +100°C	+1 V to +5 V	\pm 0.05% span	\pm 0.15% span
7B34-01-2	100 Ω Pt, α = 0.00385	-100°C to +100°C	0 V to +10 V	\pm 0.05% span	\pm 0.15% span
7B34-02-1	100 Ω Pt, α = 0.00385	0°C to +100°C	+1 V to +5 V	\pm 0.05% span	\pm 0.2% span
7B34-02-2	100 Ω Pt, α = 0.00385	0°C to +100°C	0 V to +10 V	\pm 0.05% span	\pm 0.2% span
7B34-03-1	100 Ω Pt, α = 0.00385	0°C to +200°C	+1 V to +5 V	\pm 0.05% span	\pm 0.15% span
7B34-03-2	100 Ω Pt, α = 0.00385	0°C to +200°C	0 V to +10 V	\pm 0.05% span	\pm 0.15% span
7B34-04-1	100 Ω Pt, α = 0.00385	0°C to +600°C	+1 V to +5 V	\pm 0.05% span	\pm 0.1% span
7B34-04-2	100 Ω Pt, α = 0.00385	0°C to +600°C	0 V to +10 V	\pm 0.05% span	\pm 0.1% span
7B34-N-01-1	120 Ω Ni, α = 0.00672	0°C to +300°C	+1 V to +5 V	\pm 0.12% span	\pm 0.3% span
7B34-N-01-2	120 Ω Ni, α = 0.00672	0°C to +300°C	0 V to +10 V	\pm 0.12% span	\pm 0.3% span
7B34-N-02-1	120 Ω Ni, α = 0.00672	0°C to +200°C	+1 V to +5 V	\pm 0.14% span	\pm 0.3% span
7B34-N-02-2	120 Ω Ni, α = 0.00672	0°C to +200°C	0 V to +10 V	\pm 0.14% span	\pm 0.3% span
7B34-C50-01-1	50 Ω Cu, α = 0.00214	-100°C to +100°C	+1 V to +5 V	\pm 0.10% span	\pm 0.15% span

7B34-C50-02-1	50 Ω Cu, $\alpha = 0.00214$	0°C to +100°C	+1 V to +5 V	$\pm 0.02\%$ span	$\pm 0.15\%$ span
7B34-C50-06-1	50 Ω Cu, $\alpha = 0.00214$	-50°C to +200°C	+1 V to +5 V	$\pm 0.08\%$ span	$\pm 0.15\%$ span

7B34 Specifications

(typical @ +23°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_s = +24$ V dc)

Description	Model 7B34
Input Range¹	
RTD Types	100 Ω Platinum, 2-, 3-wire $\alpha = 0.00385$

Standard Temperature Ranges

Custom Ranges

Output Range Options ($R_L > 2$ k Ω)

Accuracy¹

Initial @ +25°C

Nonlinearity²

Input Offset vs. Temperature

Zero Suppression vs. Temperature

Span vs. Temperature

Output Offset vs. Temperature

Lead Resistance Effect

Output Noise

5 MHz Bandwidth

10 Hz to 100 kHz Bandwidth

0.1 Hz to 10 Hz Bandwidth

Bandwidth, -3 dB

Output Rise Time, 10% to 90% Span

Common-Mode Voltage (CMV)

Input-to-Output and Power

Common Mode Rejection (CMR)

Input-to-Output and Power @ 50/60 Hz

Normal Mode Rejection @ 50/60 Hz

Input Protection

Refer to
Model Table

Not
Available*

+1 V to +5 V
or 0 V to +10
V

Refer to
Model Table

Refer to
Model Table

± 1 $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$

$\pm 0.002\%$
 $(R_z/R_{\text{span}})^3/^\circ\text{C}$

± 60 ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$

$\pm 0.002\%$

Span/ $^\circ\text{C}$

$\pm 0.02^\circ\text{C}/\Omega$

10 mV peak

0.4 mV rms

0.6 μV peak

3 Hz

250 ms

1500 V rms,
continuous

160 dB

60 dB

120 V rms,
continuous
 ± 35 V dc,
continuous

Input Transient ProtectionANSI/IEEE
C376.90.1-
1989
IEEE-STD
472
IEC 255-4,
Class II**Output Resistance**< 1 Ω **Voltage Output Protection**Continuous
Short to
Ground**Power Supply**

Voltage Range, Operating

+14 V dc to
+35 V dc

Current

+25 mA,
maximum

Sensitivity

 $\pm 0.0001\%$ /
% of V_s **Mechanical Dimensions**1.663" x 2.11"
x 0.563"
(42.24 mm x
53.6 mm x
14.3 mm)**Weight**

60 grams

Environmental

Temperature Range

Operating

-40°C to
+85°C

Storage

-40°C to
+85°C

Relative Humidity, 24 hours

0 to 90% @
+60°C

noncondensing

ESD Sensitivity

IEC 801-2,
Level 2

RFI Susceptibility

 $\pm 0.5\%$ Span
error @ 400
MHz, 5 Watt,
3 ft

Warm-up time required to meet specifications is approximately 10 minutes.

* Contact factory for OEM requirements.

¹Includes the combined effects of repeatability, hysteresis, and nonlinearity.

²Nonlinearity is calculated using best-fit straight line method.

³R_z is the value of the RTD resistance at the lowest measurement point. R_{span} is the change in resistance over the measurement span.

Specifications subject to change without notice.